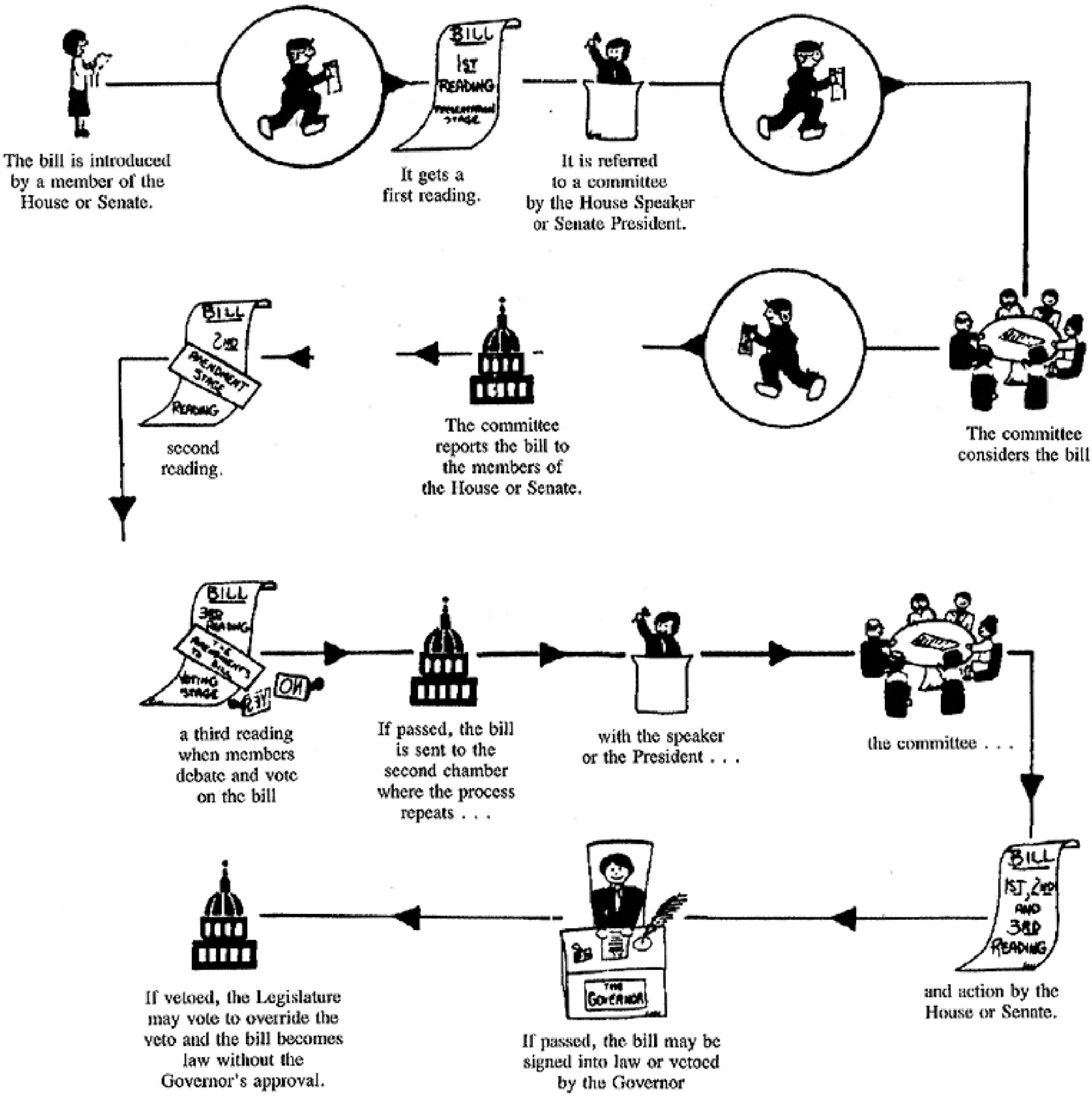
A BILL BECOMES LAW



The bill is introduced by a member of the House or Senate.

It gets a first reading.

It is referred to a committee by the House Speaker or Senate President.

The committee considers the bill

The committee reports the bill to the members of the House or Senate.

second reading.

a third reading when members debate and vote on the bill

If passed, the bill is sent to the second chamber where the process repeats . . .

with the speaker or the President . . .

the committee . . .

and action by the House or Senate.

If passed, the bill may be signed into law or vetoed by the Governor

If vetoed, the Legislature may vote to override the veto and the bill becomes law without the Governor's approval.